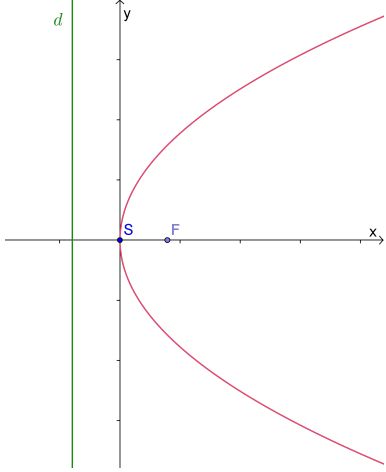
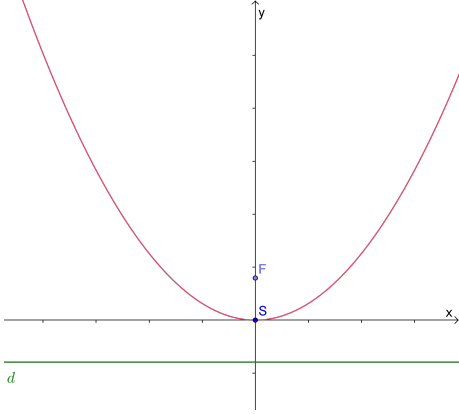
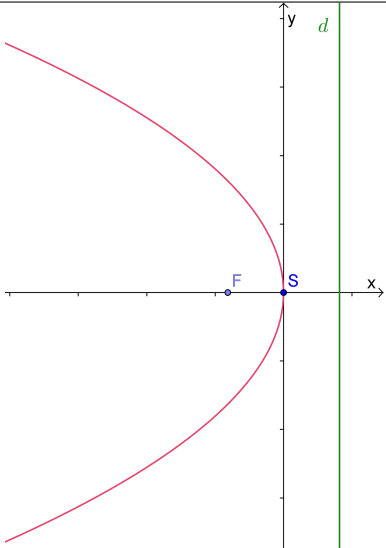
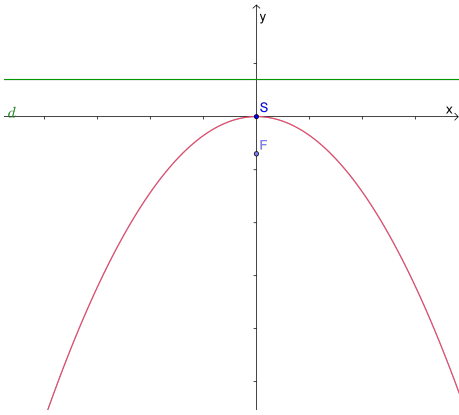
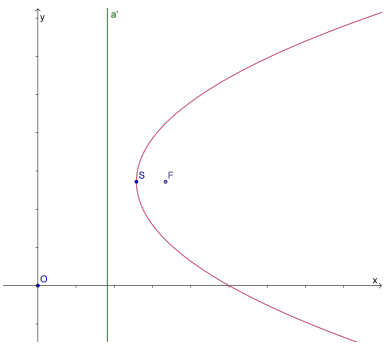
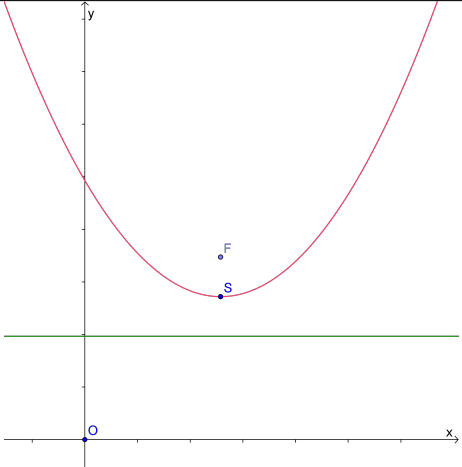
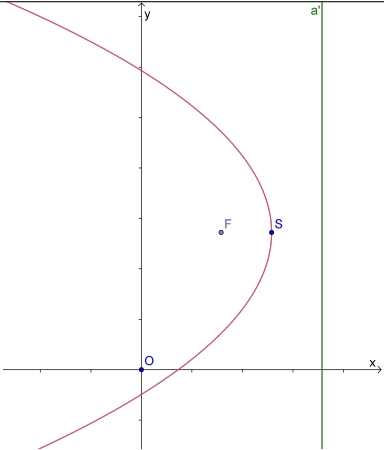
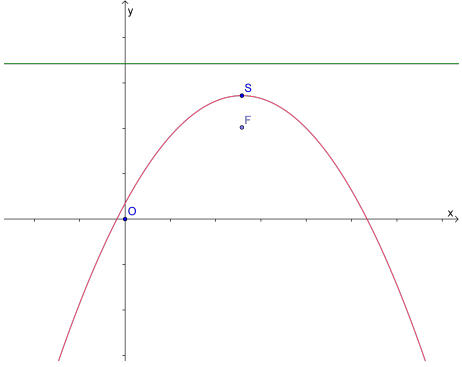
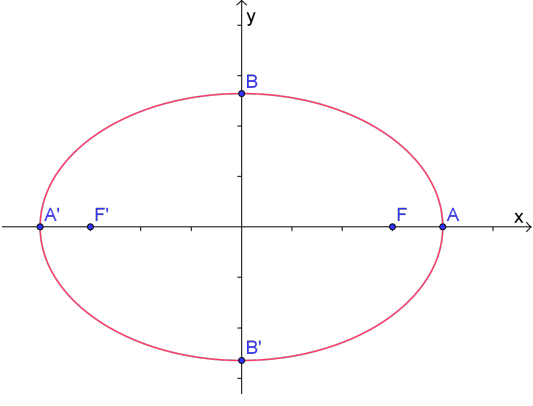
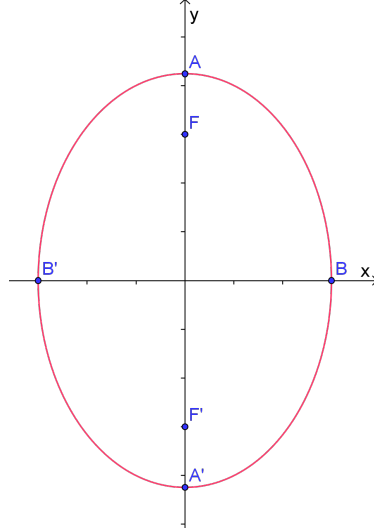


1 La parabole

Parabole de sommet $O(0,0)$	
p est la distance entre le foyer et la directrice	
Axe focal Ox	Axe focal Oy
$y^2 = 2px$	$x^2 = 2py$
$p > 0$: parabole dirigée vers les axes positifs	
	
$p < 0$: parabole dirigée vers les axes négatifs	
	
Sommets	
$S(0,0)$	$S(0,0)$
Foyers	
$F : \left(\frac{p}{2}, 0\right)$	$F : \left(0, \frac{p}{2}\right)$
Directrice	
$d \equiv x = -\frac{p}{2}$	$d \equiv y = -\frac{p}{2}$
Tangente au point $A(x_A, y_A)$ de la parabole	
$yy_A = p(x + x_A)$	$xx_A = p(y + y_A)$

Parabole de sommet $S(x_S, y_S)$	
Axe focal parallèle à Ox	Axe focal parallèle à Oy
$(y - y_S)^2 = 2p(x - x_S)$	$(x - x_S)^2 = 2p(y - y_S)$
$p > 0$: parabole dirigée vers les axes positifs	
	
$p < 0$: parabole dirigée vers les axes négatifs	
	
Sommets	
$S(x_S, y_S)$	$S(x_S, y_S)$
Foyers	
$F\left(\frac{p}{2} + x_S, y_S\right)$	$F\left(x_S, y_S + \frac{p}{2}\right)$
Directrice	
$d \equiv x = x_S - \frac{p}{2}$	$d \equiv y = y_S - \frac{p}{2}$

2 L'ellipse

Ellipse centrée en $O(0,0)$	
Axe focal Ox	Axe focal Oy
$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$	$\frac{x^2}{b^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} = 1$
	
Sommets	
$A(a, 0)$ $A'(-a, 0)$ $B(0, b)$ $B'(0, -b)$	$A(0, a)$ $A'(0, -a)$ $B(b, 0)$ $B'(-b, 0)$
Foyers	
$F(c, 0)$ $F'(-c, 0)$	$F(0, c)$ $F'(0, -c)$
$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$	
Tangente au point $A(x_A, y_A)$ de l'ellipse	
$\frac{xx_A}{a^2} + \frac{yy_A}{b^2} = 1$	$\frac{yy_A}{a^2} + \frac{xx_A}{b^2} = 1$

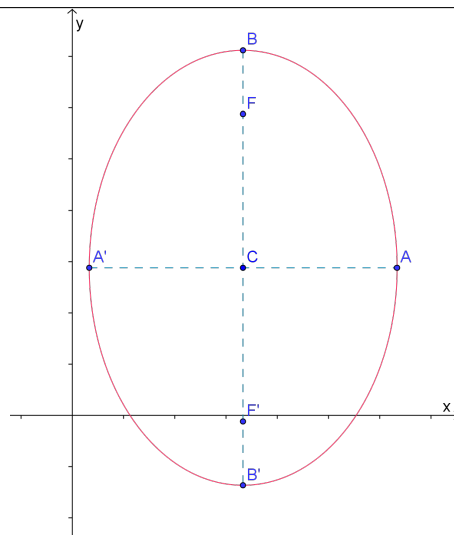
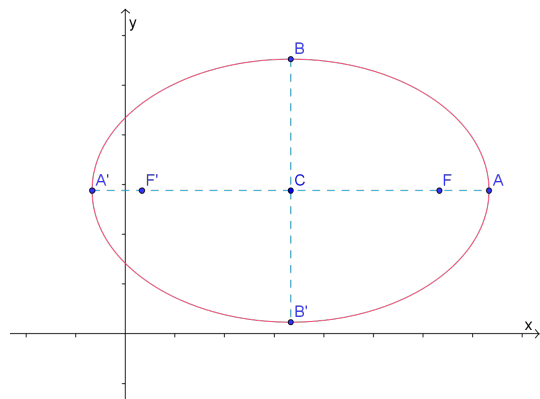
Ellipse centrée en $C(x_C, y_C)$

Axe focal parallèle à Ox

Axe focal parallèle à Oy

$$\frac{(x - x_C)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y - y_C)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{(x - x_C)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y - y_C)^2}{a^2} = 1$$



Sommets

$$\begin{aligned} A &(a + x_C, y_C) \\ A' &(-a + x_C, y_C) \\ B &(x_C, b + y_C) \\ B' &(x_C, -b + y_C) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &(x_C, a + y_C) \\ A' &(x_C, -a + y_C) \\ B &(b + x_C, y_C) \\ B' &(-b + x_C, y_C) \end{aligned}$$

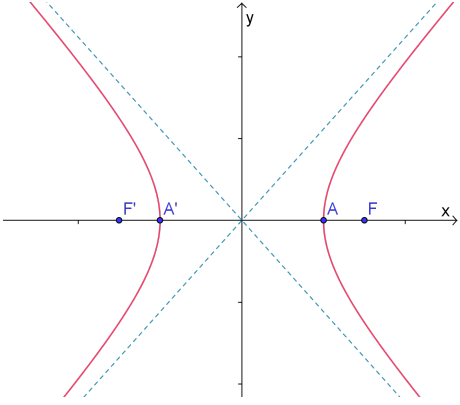
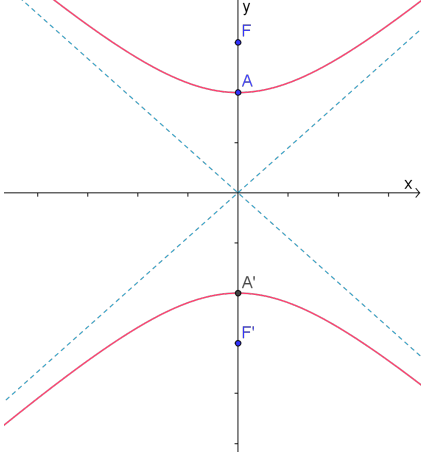
Foyers

$$\begin{aligned} F &(c + x_C, y_C) \\ F' &(-c + x_C, y_C) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &(x_C, c + y_C) \\ F' &(x_C, -c + y_C) \end{aligned}$$

$$$c^2 = a^2 - b^2$$$

3 L'hyperbole

Hyperbole centrée en $O(0,0)$	
Axe focal Ox	Axe focal Oy
$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$	$\frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{x^2}{b^2} = 1$
	
Sommets	
$A(a,0)$ $A'(-a,0)$	$A(0,a)$ $A'(0,-a)$
Foyers	
$F(c,0)$ $F'(-c,0)$	$F(0,c)$ $F'(0,-c)$
$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$	
Asymptotes	
$AO \equiv y = \pm \frac{b}{a}x$	$AO \equiv y = \pm \frac{a}{b}x$
Tangente au point $A(x_A, y_A)$ de l'hyperbole	
$\frac{xx_A}{a^2} - \frac{yy_A}{b^2} = 1$	$\frac{yy_A}{a^2} - \frac{xx_A}{b^2} = 1$

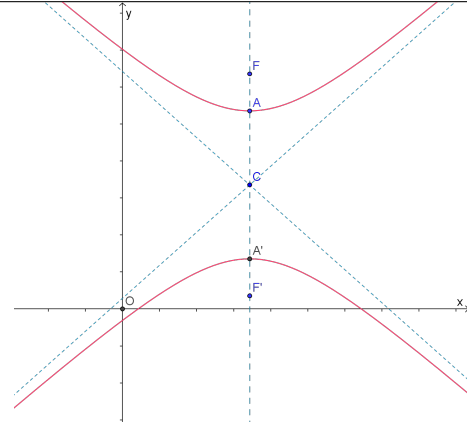
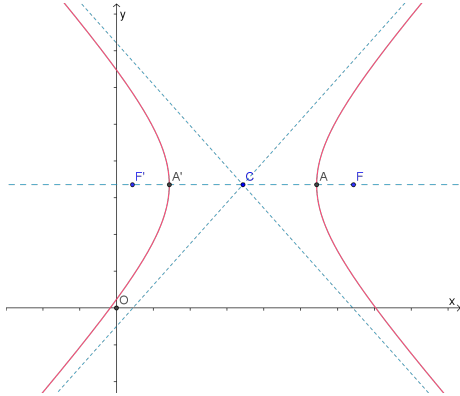
Hyperbole centrée en $C(x_C, y_C)$

Axe focal parallèle à Ox

Axe focal parallèle à Oy

$$\frac{(x - x_C)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y - y_C)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{(y - y_C)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(x - x_C)^2}{b^2} = 1$$



Sommets

$$\begin{aligned} A(a + x_C, y_C) \\ A'(-a + x_C, y_C) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(x_C, a + y_C) \\ A'(x_C, -a + y_C) \end{aligned}$$

Foyers

$$\begin{aligned} F(c + x_C, y_C) \\ F'(-c + x_C, y_C) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(x_C, c + y_C) \\ F'(x_C, -c + y_C) \end{aligned}$$

$$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$$

Asymptotes

$$AO \equiv (y - y_C) = \pm \frac{b}{a}(x - x_C)$$

$$AO \equiv (y - y_C) = \pm \frac{a}{b}(x - x_C)$$